

DIAZ SEEMS TO HOLD BIG HAND IN EAST MEXICO

Nephew of Former President Determined to Keep Vera Cruz and Cientificos Support Him

AMBASSADOR WILSON CONFERS WITH KNOX

Decisive Battle Is Expected Between Forces of New Rebel Leader and Feds Under Beltran

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Official interest here is centered today on the situation in Mexico, where the rebellion which has been in progress for months, has taken a new and formidable phase under Felix Diaz. The return to Washington of Secretary Knox from his Japanese trip, the presence here of Henry Lane Wilson, ambassador to Mexico and important developments in the military situation at Vera Cruz, held by Diaz within the last two days are elements which have served to concentrate attention on the Mexican republic.

Knox Soon Learns All.

As Secretary Knox was accompanied from Chicago to Washington by Assistant Secretary Huntington Wilson, he found himself upon his arrival here well informed on all the latest developments. Probably in consequence, the conference which was expected to take place between Secretary Knox and Ambassador Wilson was deferred. However, Ambassador Wilson probably will have an opportunity to discuss the situation and receive suggestions for his guidance in the confidential talk with Secretary Knox before the latter leaves tonight to join President Taft at Beverly.

Non-Intervention Intended.

One fact that appears clearly today is that although Ambassador Wilson conferred at length with acting Secretary Adee, the officials of the state department who are charged particularly with the conduct of the Mexican relations, say, according to the latest reports to the department, is interesting. Though there is the promise might be important, perhaps the decisive battle between the Diaz forces and the considerable army under General Beltran, assembled under the government will be on the outskirts of the city. It is confidently expected that important foreign interests at Vera Cruz may escape jeopardy and loss of lives of non-combatants may be avoided by agreement of the two commanders to fighting outside the city limits.

Will Capture Town.

General Beltran said he personally would do all he could in conformity to orders from the government and capture the town and protect it from destruction. Furthermore, he told the foreign consuls he would transmit to his government their request that he refrain from bombarding the town, or from fighting in its streets.

For his part General Diaz, who is in complete possession of the city proper, offered the consuls all the possible guarantee to life and property so long as he maintained control. With the leaders of both sides in this frame of mind the consuls felt reassured.

According to today's reports everything at Vera Cruz is unusually orderly and likely to remain so unless the federal gunboats start to bombard the city.

Forces 10 Miles from Town.

Beltran's forces are about ten miles from town. A possible element of trouble is the possible issue of a decree of the government officer in charge of the gunboats declaring the port of Vera Cruz closed. Indirectly this may draw the United States navy into the affair, as the American mail steamship Sigurana has appeared in the harbor, there to discharge a cargo. If the federal naval commander persisted in regarding the port closed and refused to permit the vessel to unload, the situation would exactly be a parallel to that in Rio harbor, nearly twenty years ago, when the American navy broke the rebel blockade.

METAL MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Standard copper was quiet; 17.20 bid. Arrivals 400 tons. Exports for the month 12,854 tons. Lead quiet at 507 1/2 to 525.

TO BE ENGINEER OF PANAMA CANAL



Major William V. Judson.

The appointment of Maj. William V. Judson, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., as chief engineer of the Panama canal is expected in the near future. Major Judson has been a member of the U. S. board of engineers, for rivers and harbors; an instructor of military engineering in the U. S. Engineers school; was military attaché with the Russian army in the Russo-Japanese war; and later was appointed engineer commissioner of the District of Columbia. From the latter position he recently resigned.

HUNT TO CALL EXTRA SESSION

Governor Says He Has About Decided to Convene Legislature But May Change Mind

DATE FOR JANUARY

PHOENIX, Oct. 21.—That the second extraordinary session of the first Arizona legislature will be convened sometime in January 1913, is the impression gained by a Democrat representative after a conversation with Governor Hunt on the subject, although the executive did not commit himself to a definite date.

The governor was informed that there were various conflicting rumors in circulation as to the date he would convene the extra session and was asked to make a definite statement in order that all reports might be put at rest. In reply the governor said that he had heard of the rumors himself but had not definitely decided on the matter.

Session in January

However, after some conversation on the subject Governor Hunt said that he had consulted several members of the legislature and had about decided to issue the call so that the session would convene in the latter part of January, 1913. This, it must be remembered, is not a definite decision, as the governor said it was not final and that he might change his mind later.

Numerous statements have been made to the effect that if the legislature did not meet before the last of the year there were grave doubts as to the validity of any acts passed, as one section of the constitution states positively that the first legislative session shall end with the year 1912. Many lawyers have given it as their opinion that this clause in the constitution would invalidate any act of the legislature if the session was delayed until 1913.

Advices Session Before 1913

Attorney General Bullard was questioned as to this phase of the situation today and while he would not admit the unconstitutionality of any law passed in 1912, he admitted that the session should be held this year. "I deem it advisable as an abundance of caution that a special session of the legislature should be called the first part of November of this year and sit during the month of November, and if the labors demanded so long a session, into December of this year. My principal reason for coming to this conclusion is that the supreme court of the state in the case of Davis versus Osborn decided that portion of the election law relating to the canvassing of votes and the designation of who should constitute the canvassing board is unconstitutional.

In order that there may be no question about votes being properly canvassed for the ensuing election, a law should be passed covering the subject prior to the time when the votes should be cast, because outside of the act passed by the special session of the legislature there is no method provided for canvassing the vote of the state officers by any law upon the statute books enacted prior to the last session of the legislature.

Continuing Mr. Bullard stated further that he was of the opinion under the decision of the Supreme court that the legislative acts of this legislature if convened next year will probably be valid. "However," he added, "they do not directly decide this point and if a special session of the legislature is held this year it must mean that there will be absolutely no question about the validity of any legislative measure passed by this legislature."

PATRIOTS BEGIN JOURNEY TO AID THEIR COUNTRY

Special Train Leaves Bisbee Carrying 128 Montenegrans and Servians for the Balkan States

WILL SAIL ON CHARTERED VESSEL

Scenes at Depot Such as Stir Hearts of All Who Believe in Defending Native Land

A special train carrying 128 Montenegrans and Servians, bound for Balkan battlefields, left Bisbee yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock for New York City, where they will board a chartered steamer for their fatherland. There will be only one stop en route and that will be at El Paso, where twenty-eight Montenegrans from Globe, occupying a special car, will join the Bisbee detachment.

The run to New York City, as planned by the El Paso & Southern, will occupy seventy-two hours. The special train was composed of three coaches and a combination day coach and baggage car. The train was beautifully furnished with food supplies by patriotic Montenegrans and Servians of Bisbee.

Patriotism is Rampant.

The scene that was enacted on the very first day of the journey, just prior to the departure of the special train, was the most remarkable ever witnessed in Bisbee, or probably ever will be witnessed again. Bisbee is a simple resort of humanity drawn from the melting pot of the world and in the demonstration in Brewery Gulch yesterday the hand of all nations was raised, fraternally speaking, against the Turk. As he has no place in Europe, so has he no place in the heart of nations.

The Montenegrans and Servians who left Bisbee formed in line at the Pythian Castle on O. K. street and, preceded by the Colma & Arizona band playing stirring martial music, marched to the depot.

Quick lined by Patriotic. Every Gulch was lined by shouting, cheering thousands. At the head of the column of fighting men marched two stalwart Montenegrans, one carrying the Stars and Stripes of the United States and the other carrying the national flag of Serbia.

The depot was an island entirely surrounded by humanity but an avenue opened for the patriots who marched along the side of the cars and entered. In the crowd were women, mothers, wives, sisters, sweethearts, left behind. Strong men, whom duty bade stay behind, were there to bid the unnumbered God speed. Boys in rompers were hoisted on their fathers' shoulders in order that they might see and remember.

"I want to fight the Turk," cried one, a black-eyed, rosy-cheeked little fellow 6 years old.

"When you get old enough to fight," the parent gravely replied, "there won't be a Turk left." And the child cried. Hate of the Turk is born in the Serbian, Montenegrans. Slavic heart—it is co-ordinate with the love of home and the golden clothes," sobbed a woman in black. She had probably given up loved ones on the sacrifice of the altar of liberty.

Popovich an Orator.

M. Popovich, tall, handsome, and braveny and brainy, stood on the platform of the last car. His eyes shone with a bright light. Fired by patriotism in his heart. He made an address in Serbian, telling the crowd around the train why they were leaving their new home, why they embraced hardships unknown and perhaps death. Kosciuszko, the patriot of Poland, was never more magnificent than Popovich in that moment. What he told his hearers was known best to those who speak his language but the orator's flashing black eyes were a transfiguration of liberty itself. His sentiment was cheered to the echo.

Young Men Leave All.

Young Steve Javonovich, who had only two hours before gained the consent of his uncle Lee Javonovich, to join the party, in his Norfolk coat of corduroy, corduroy trousers and buckskin shoes, was transformed from a grocery clerk into an Ethan Allen who only needs a Fort Ticonderoga. Young, erect, handsome, the bloom of youth yet in his cheeks, he left his all for his native land. He stood on the steps of the car, bidding farewell to friends—including many Americans—and there was something transcendental in his men. His eyes were bright and laughter was on his lips, but his nostrils dilated as if scenting the smoke of battle. Young "Steve" was there, leading his comrades in singing "Radost," the Serbian national hymn.

Willing to Die for Country.

"Steve" is the Montenegrans who

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Col. Roosevelt Owes Life to Two Agencies, Manuscript in Pocket and His Stenographer



Theodore Roosevelt may thank two agencies that he is alive and on a rapid road to recovery from the injury that was inflicted upon him by a mad man at Milwaukee. The first is the manuscript of his Milwaukee speech—almost 100 pages—which the bullet struck, and which weakened the missile's force. The other is Elbert E. Martin, the stenographer in the Roosevelt party who felled the would-be assassin before he had time to fire a second shot into the colonel's body. Martin is shown holding the manuscript in the accompanying picture.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—(Special)—

Now that all the stories have been told about the attempted assassination of Colonel Roosevelt, and the eyewitnesses and the doctors and Teddy himself have all had their say it is generally agreed that the colonel owes his life and present happy condition to two agencies. One was the bulky manuscript of his Milwaukee speech, through which the would-be assassin's bullet had to plow its way before entering his body, the other was Elbert E. Martin, the colonel's stenographer.

Had not Martin leaped quickly from the colonel's automobile and pounced upon the assassin in a twinkling the first shot was fired, a second and perhaps a fatal bullet would have been fired into the ex-president's body.

BALKAN STATES ALL IN MUTUAL AGGRO

King George of Greece Has the Support of the Four Allied Nations

ATHENS, Oct. 21.—King George of Greece, received telegraphic replies from three southern allies to a message informing them that the Greek army had crossed the frontier. King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, said:

"I am filled with a sentiment of solidarity and a reciprocal of mutual confidence that our peoples, brothers in the same faith unite under a sacred agreement to ask the almighty defender of our rights and the protector of the oppressed to grant the fervent prayer that must ascend to his throne from the four allied nations to the God of battle to crown with success the joint efforts of our arms for triumph in the doubly righteous cause of faith and liberty."

King Endorses War

King Nicholas of Montenegro telegraphed: "Our cordial greetings and most sincere wishes for victory of the worthy descendants of Themistocles, and may God bless our efforts for the sacred cause."

King Peter of Servia sent the following message: "Trusting in our God that forces of the Balkan states, united in religion, led by traditional sentiment of their peoples, will triumph in their generous work, I hail with confidence the commencement of joint action and wish complete success for the valiant Greek army."

Aegean Squadron Arrives

The Aegean squadron under command of Admiral Contourin arrived yesterday at Kavros, capital of the island of Lemnos and demanded authorities to surrender. The squadron today anchored at Port Mydros and landed troops which advanced to occupy the town. Admiral Contourin proclaimed a blockade of all ports at Lemnos. The blockade is effective on the coast of Epirus. The Greeks, by a flank movement today occupied the Turkish trenches at Disakhatta with but a trifling loss. The Turks stubbornly resisted but eventually retired to the town of Servia, twenty miles northeast.

Ely District Under Control of Officers Of State; Fear Gone

Inquest on Bodies of Two Greeks Killed at McGill Continued One Day

ELY, Oct. 21.—This district is now controlled by the state police, and there is little apprehension of further disorder resulting from the strike of miners and mill men.

The coroner's inquest on the two Greeks killed at McGill was continued until Wednesday by direction of Governor Eddy. One engine began to work at Copper Flat today.

PROCLAMATION OF NEUTRALITY

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A proclamation of neutrality on the Balkan war was issued by the British government today. It became known today that Turkey had intimated to Greece she would not oppose the annexation of Crete to the latter country. If Greece would withdraw from the Balkan alliance, just before the war started, Turkey also agreed to a junction of the Greek and Turkish railway systems, a point heretofore frowned upon by the Ottoman Empire. Greece refused both propositions point blank.

TURKS ARE SILENCED

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 21.—A special dispatch to a Constantinople paper says the Turkish warships sank a Bulgarian torpedo boat, while another escaped by taking refuge in the harbor at Varna. The forts replied to the Turks, eventually silencing their fire.

ADRIANOPLE THREATENED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 21.—It is admitted here tonight the Bulgarians are twelve miles from Adrianople and a big battle is imminent. The governor of Adrianople has issued a proclamation warning residents to husband their food, owing to the possibility of the investment of the town. He recommends those able to leave to do so.

ROOSEVELT TO SPEAK AT NEW YORK RALLY

Colonel Will Keep This Date at Madison Square Garden

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Unless a serious setback occurs it is expected the improvement in Col. Roosevelt's condition will grow and the colonel will make his scheduled speech for the progressive mass meeting at Madison Square Garden here Oct. 30, according to an announcement made today by Progressive State Chairman Hotchkiss.

This it is expected will be the president's only appearance in this state during the campaign. Mr. Hotchkiss said.

His other speaking dates will be filled by Governor Johnson of California, Oscar Straus, candidate for governor, U. S. Senator Clapp, Cochran, Bourke and others.

Johnson, Straus and the other state candidates will speak at the Madison Square Garden meeting.

SCHRAK'S SUIT CASE FOUND

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 21.—A suit case belonging to John Schrank who attempted to kill Col. Roosevelt reached Milwaukee today from Charleston, S. C., where he left it at a hotel. The grip was addressed to Chief of Police Janseen and turned over to him. The chief said it would not be opened for the present.

ROOSEVELT STANDS TRIP

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 21.—Although Col. Roosevelt was weary from his all day ride, from Chicago to Pittsburgh, he showed no other ill effects on his arrival here tonight. Physicians accompanying him are confident he will reach Oyster Bay in almost as good condition as when he left Mercy hospital.

BANK SUSPENDS PAYMENT

ATHENS, Oct. 21.—The bank of Athens has taken advantage of the law allowing a suspension of payment after notice has been given. The bank has many branches throughout Turkey.

DYNAMITE TRIAL SHOWS UNION IS JUGGLING MONEY

Bookkeeper for J. J. McNamara Testifies She Kept Two Records of the Money Expended

LATER \$1000 MONTH ALLOWED SECRETARY

No Reckoning Required for Allowance Which Was Continued Until L. A. Times Disaster

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 21.—Reading from the financial account books of the International Association of Ironworkers for the period when John J. McNamara was secretary-treasurer and conducting a "campaign of explosions" about the country, Miss Mary C. Dye, former bookkeeper for McNamara, testified at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial today that one record of money expended was kept for union officials and the executive board members, while a different record was kept for the public members of the union generally.

A regular system of "juggling" accounts, the government charges, was maintained to conceal the payments for the expenses of dynamiting.

Miss Dye's testimony was that there was a dual system of recording expenditures in force prior to 1909 or until the executive board allowed McNamara \$1,000 a month without requiring any accounting, which was continued until after the Los Angeles Times was blown up.

It was out of this \$1,000 a month the government charges McNamara paid Orrie McManis and James B. McNamara for the Pacific coast and thirty-five other explosions.

EX-MINER OF BISBEE IS SHOT AT TONOPAH

Ed Malley Expert Driller, Well Known in Warren District Is Injured

Sheriff Ed Malley was shot at Rhyolite, Nevada, Saturday afternoon by the accidental discharge of a shotgun lying in the bottom of an auto and the full charge entered his upper right arm carrying away the muscles, tissue and shattering the bone. He was taken to Goldfield, eighty miles north and placed in the hospital where amputation at the shoulder occurred. He stood the operation heroically and came through all right. Word was received from the hospital tonight that he is doing splendidly and will be brought to his home in Tonopah in a few days. A dispatch from Tonopah says: "Tell his Bisbee friends we are going to re-elect him unanimously."

Ed Malley was one of the best known miners in the Warren district for a number of years and in several drilling contests here and in Douglas he and his partner, Chamberlain, were victors and attracted the attention of the news into politics.

Malley left Bisbee several years ago and went to the state of Nevada where he has since resided and where he became interested in politics. For two years he was city marshal in Tonopah and at the election last year he was elected sheriff of Knight county, of which Tonopah is the metropolis.

The announcement yesterday in Bisbee that Ed Malley had been injured in Nevada was received with expressions of regret by his old friends in Bisbee where he had a wide acquaintance among those who were here six years ago.

DIAZ WILL STAY ABROAD.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—General Porfirio Diaz, ex-president of Mexico, declared today his determination of not returning to Mexico is unchanged. He is staying at a hotel here. He shows great interest in the news concerning his nephew, Felix Diaz, and the taking by him of the port of Vera Cruz. He said he was totally without private advice from Mexico. He said under the circumstances he did not prefer to express any opinion as a relative of his nephew's intentions or chances. Naturally, he said, he is not connected in any way with the present movement.

JOHNSON'S WIND CUT OFF

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—When attorney Charles E. Erbe, representing the mother of Lucile Cameron, visited Jack Johnson's saloon today in company with United States deputy marshals to serve subpoenas on witnesses who shall appear before the federal grand jury tomorrow, the negro pugilist became excited and threatened the lawyer with personal injury. Federal officers protected the attorney.